PETERSPECEO, August 28.—Amidst the glare of bentires and the blare of the local band Governor Cameron was introduced to a vast audience at the Centre Market tonight. If the strength of the opposition to Brady has been underrated heretofore it was very apparent on this occasion that it was out at its lest to greet his Excellency. The enthusiasm was intense, and although the Brady delegates-the creatures of the machine-have been displaying themselves at every prominent point in the city, with a view to advertising their vaunted strength and overawing what they claim to be a mere minority, the anti-Brady men have never yet been able to assemble so large and cornest a crowd as gathered to-night to hear an exposition of the causes which have led to the irremediable split in the ranks of the Republican party in this district. Fowever, the audience didn't bear what they expected, but on the contrary a very guarded speech.

THE GOVERNOR'S SPEECH. Governor Cameron prefaced by saying that he had always found the people of Petersburg willing to listen to reason, and as freemen he appealed to them. He had not come with the intention of making a speech, come with the insention of making a speech, for he thought he had made himself plain chough in a letter which he had written a few days ago. He had come as a citizen of the Fourth district to say that he had as many rights as any other clitzen, and intended to exercise them. He did not wish to be misunderstood; he was no factions rebel fighting his party. [A voice: "What party?"] "My party—the Republican party." SIGNIFICANT LANGUAGE.

The Governor considered this interrup-tion impertinent, and added significantly that if any person should make an objecthat if any person should make an objectionable remark with the intention of insulting him, he would reply that at some time in the future he would not be Governor of Virginia, but only a private citizen, and that then the person who delivered an insult would be the first who had ever offensively approached him who did not subsequently hear from him. This much as to his personal necountability. He wanted to be calm and dignified, and only wished to say what he thought was right—to advise what calm and dignified, and only wished to say what he thought was right—to advise what to do, not to dietate. He was not present to advocate any particular candidate, but thought that the people ought to name their ewa man. The person who was tairly chosen by the Convention would never neet with opposition from him. There were some people in the Commonwealth who held that he (the speaker) thought no man bad a right to have an opinion except himself. This was not so, other people had just as much right to be mistaken as he had to be right. When he had found out the man whom the people wanted he would support him.

WILL NOT SUPPORT A MACHINE CANDIDATE.

He would not support a machine candi-date, and if this were treason, the most could be made of it. He did not intend to make any fight outside of his party, and he make any fight outside of his party, and he wanted his bemeerate friends as well as his Economican friends to understand this. As to abuse within his own party, he had his own opinion, and he intended to hold to it. He had not come with the intention of saying anything had the right to name the representatives of their political life. The slavery of the mind and of the ballot was worse than the

FOR BLAINE AND LOGAN. He wanted to say to everybody present that he was for Biaine and Logan and a protective tsriff. If the people had their way he would support the nominee cordially and cheerfully. He wanted candidly to say that he would not support any man simply because he was a white man or black man. He wanted the best man, irrespective of color. He had been trusted and honored by the people of the Fourth district, and he promised them that there would never he any discord unless in dewould never be any discord unless in de-fence of a principle which he deemed more

SENATOR GAINES SPEAKS. A speech was then made by Senator Gaines, who spoke briefly but effectively. He carnestly pleaded for the nomination of an who should be the people's choice. In his county he said the people are opposed to the machine and stand forty to one against the job which the revenue ring is attempting to foist upon them, and will not support the ma-chine candidate, if such a candidate be nominated. The difficulty in the Republican party is of this nature: The people have sworn in their might that there is one individual whom they do not want and

DENOUNCING THE RING. He appealed to the Republicans to avert the present evil with which they are threatened, and said that those opposed to the ring should make every effort to do this in the Convention to-morrow, and if they falled they should have to correct it outside of that Convention. To stand such an outrage as the ring was attempting to inflict upon them was to disrupt the Republican party. The machine, he said, had bit off a little more than it can chew, and we propose to make it vomit.

whom they will not have.

DELEGATES ARBIVING A large number of delegates arrived here to-day, and have been busily button-holed by the conflicting factions. Brady's friends have their headquarters

in the custom-house.

The feeling is intense, and an exciting time is expected in the Convention to-

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)
Saratona, N. Y., August 28.—Weather elear and warm and attendance good;

track dry and dusty.

First race—purse \$500, one mile—Boreas wen very easily by two lengths; Chinook second, Norena third. Time, 1:451.

Second race—handleap sweepstakes for a lages at \$20 each, with \$700 added, one ralle and five furlongs—Sovereign Pat won by a head; Freda second, Glenarm third.

Time, 2:524.

Third race—handicap sweepstakes for all ages at \$15 each, with \$500 added, one mile and a furlong—Euclid won easily by two lengths: Easter second, length ahead of Shenandoch, third. Time, 1:584.

Fourth race—North American handicap sweepstakes of \$50 each, half forfelt, with \$1,000 added, full course, about two miles and three-quarters—Beyerwey, won easily and three-quarters—Beverwyck won easily by three lengths; Scalper second, Dis-turbance third. Time, 5:31.

Brighton-Beach Races

NEW YORK, August 28 .- First race-for non-winners, three quarters of a mile— Markiand won; Manitoba second, Spartacus third, Time, 1:171.

Second race—selling allowances, one mile and a furlong—Edwin A. won; Jim Nelson second, Lizzie Miller third. Time, 1:59j. Third race—all ages, one mile and a quar-ter—Arsenic won; Levant second. Time,

2:154.
Fourth race—all ages, one mile—Florence
M. won; Bullshead second, Casino third. Time, 1:454.
Fifth race—maidens all ages, seven fu

From face—maidens all ages, seven fur-lengs—Perlious won; Jennings second, J. W. White toird. Time, 1:321. Sixth race—steeplechase, full course— El Capitan came in first, but was disquali-fied because he ran out of the course and the race was given to George McCullough; Cyclone second, Rabok third. Time, 4:371.

[By cable to the Dispatch.] LONDON, August 28.—At the York Au gust meeting to-day the race for the great Yorkshire stakes for three-year-olds was won by the Rothschilds' filly Damletta; Jardine's colf Borneo second, Snarry's

filly Orphan Agues third.

Not so Rad as Represented.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

Washington, August 28.—The acting Comptroller of the Currency this morning received a telegram from Bank-Examiner Eilis, saying that the affairs of the Second National Bank of Xenia, Ohio, are not so had as has been represented, and that there is reason to believe that it will be able to meet all demands upon it. In view of this report the acting Comptroller says that there does not appear to be any necessity for the appointment of a receiver.

Governor Ireland's Federal Complica

items.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

Galveston, August 28.—The returns upon Federal warrants issued by Commissioner Spaun in the suit of the United States against John Ireland and others were made yesterday. The warrant for telland was endorsed by Mar-

shal Tracy as follows: "Not executed, because this writ does not show that the offence charged comes under that portion of section 5510 of the Revised Statutes of the United States which is in force, that is, which has not been declared void (Second Otto, 5421.) but merely charges a violation of section 5510 of the Revised Statutes. The defendant herein, W. B., not found in my district." Six other defendants in the case, including Superintendent Thomas J. Gorce, of the Huntsville penitentiary, with five penitentiary guards, appeared before the Commissioner yesterday afternoon in charge of a United States deputy marshal. This hearing was continued until to-day.

AN INTERESTING CASE.

A Suit to Recover Property Conveyed to a Visitation Convent.

Visitation Convent.

[By telegraph to the Disparch.]

St. Lours, August 28,—A sult has been entered in the Circuit Court here which is likely to attract a good deal of attention, particularly in Catholic circles and by managers of Catholic institutions. The style of the sult is S. Auguste Chouteau and Ida R. Taylor Chouteau, his wife, against the Visitation Convent (a corporation of this city). Robert McNichols, trustee, and others. The history of the case, briefly stated, is as follows: Miss Louisa K. Taylor, sister of Mrs. Chouteau and daughter of the late George R. Taylor, a very wealthy and well-known citizen of St. Louis, was educated under the influences of the Order of St. Francis de Sales, and sen e two years ago announced her determination to be seen and sen e two years ago announced her determination to be seen and sen e two years ago announced her determination to be seen and sen e two years ago announced her determination to be seen and sen e two years ago announced her determination to be seen and sen e two years ago announced her determination to be seen and sen e two years ago announced her determination to be seen and sen e two years ago announced her determination to be seen and sen entered the sent and se of the Order of St. Francis de Sales, and sene two years ago announced her deter-mination to become a nun, and, although opposed by her family, did enter the Con-vent of the Visitation. Prior to this, how-eyer, she voluntarily conveved her proper-ty, estimated to be worth \$100,000, to her sister Ida, then unmarried, under a writ-ten agreement that she expected to take menastic vows with the Order of St. Francis de Sales, but should she not ten agreement that she expected to take menastic vows with the Order of St. Francis de Sales, but should she not do so on entering, and afterwards severing her connection with the order, the property was to be restored to her. Some months ago Miss Taylor left the convent, and aunounced, it is said, that she had withdrawn from the order, and asked for the restoration of her property. Her sister, suspecting the sincerity of her act, demurred to giving back the property, and Miss Taylor brought suit to recover. Mrs. Chouseau, not desiring to enter into hitgation, reconveyed the property, and a short time afterward Miss Taylor transferred it all to Robert McNichols, as trustee, for the use of the Convent of the Visitation. A few weeks later Miss Taylor reinfered the convent and took the black yell. The plaintiffs in their petition allege fraud and collusion against the officials of the convent, charging them with using undue influence with Miss Taylor and entering into a scheme to obtain the property, and now seek to set said the deed by which it was reconveyed, and also the deed under which it was transferred to McNichols.

Wholesale Appointment of Pension-

Examiners. (Ry felegr ph to the Dispatch.) (Ry telerr ph to the Dispatch.)

Washington, August 28.—The Secretary of the Interior to-day appointed sixty-two special examiners for the Pension Office, at an annual salary of \$1,000 each. The appointments were made in pursuance of the recent act of Congress providing for the appointment of 150 examiners. Of that number 60 were promoted in the Pension Office, and 28 were appointed on account of having successfully passed previous civil-service examinations. Civil-service examinations, Civil-service examination, and the remaining 62. In this examination there were about 500 applicants, about 70 per cent, being successful. The papers of the successful persons were sent to Commissioner Dudley and the appointments made. The following are the appointees from the southern States: Georgia, Alfred Gregory; North Carolina, James H. Horrah; South Carolina, W. R. Marshall; Tennessee, Alfred S. Bageley; Virginia, Hazlett Carilsie.

The Murderous Attemps of a Maniae.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)
Dover, N. H., August 28.—Charles Tan-Poven, N. H., August 28.—Charles Tan-ner, of Barrington, visited the residence of Mrs. Edgar Howard, in that town, vester-day and invited her to his home. Soe went, thinking his family wanted her. On her arrival she was asked into the sitting-room, where were his father and three children. He then locked the door, and seizing a double-barretied gun, attempted to shoot Mrs. Howard, placing the muzzle against her head. Before he could fire he was knocked down and overpowered by his father. He was found to be crazy. He his father. He was found to be crazy. He said he had been contemplating killing Mrs. Howard and others for sometime. He wanted to commit a crime so he could be sent to State prison, as he was tired of living outside.

Nebraska Republicans.

(By telegraph to the Dispaten.)
CMAHA, NEB., August 28.—At the publican Convention last evening C. Del-vey, Henry Sprick, S. C. Smith, John Mackin, and A. L. Burr, were nominated Mackin, and A. L. Burr, were nominated electors. Governor James E. Dawes was renominated. H. H. Shedd was nominated for Lieutenant-Governor; Edward Rogers, Secretary of State; Charles H. Willard, Treasurer; H. H. Babcock, Auditor; W. W. Jones for Superintendent Education; W. Leese for Attorney-General; Commission Public Lands and Buildings. Journal State Control Comseph Scott; Chairman State Central Com-

Wisconsin Greenbackers and Anti-Monopolists.

(fly telegraph to the Dispatch.) MILWATERE, Wis., August 28.—The Greenbackers and Anti-Monopolists yesterday nominated a State ticket as follows: Governor, Colonel William L. Utley; Lieutenan-Governor, Milton Ford; Secretary of State, G. W. Jones; Treasurer, Theoders Skuman, Autorney, General, M. W. dere Shuman; Attorney-General, M. W. Stevens; Superintendent Public Instruc-tion, Dr. H. S. Brown; Railroad Commis-John Keefer: Ipsurance Comm sioner, J. B. Russell.

Mr. Hendricks's Letter.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

New York, August 28.—The genuineness of his letter having been questioned, the Commercial Advertiser to-day telegraphed to Governor Hendricks, who replied as follows: To the Commercial Advertiser, New York.

"The letter is genuine. There is a misprint in 'the newspapers of this city. It should read, 'Three times Governor Cleveland has stood the test of popular canvasses, once for the office of mayor, etc.'
"T. A. HENDRICKS."

Congressional Nominations.

(By telegraph to the Despates.)

Baltimone, August 28.—Republican Congressional Conventions were held in several districts of this State to-day and this evening. The nominations were: George M. Russum, of Caroline county, in the First district; Thaddeus C. Blair, of Baltimore county, in the Second; Hart B. Holton, of Baltimore county, in the Fifth (a renomination); and Lewis E. McComas, of Frederick, in the Sixth (renomination).

In the Third District Convention tonight no nomination was made, and a com-

night no nomination was made, and a committee was appointed to confer with disaffected Democrats with a view to supporting an independent candidate.

In the Fourth district William J. Hooper, proprietor of the Baltimore Herald, was nominated.

CAPE MAY, N. J., August 28,-George Hires, of Salem, was nominated for Congress this evening by the Republicans of the First district.

MEMPHIS, August 28.—The Democrats of the Tenth district have nominated James M. Harris for Congress.
Sureveport, La., August 28.—Hon. N. C. Blanchard was to-day renominated by the Democrats of the Fourth congressional

Suspension of a Michigan Savings

1By telegraph to the Dispat Argust St. August 28.—The Adrian Savings Eark suspended yesterday. Herman Loomis, the cashier, says the trouble was precipitated by the mability of the bank on Monday to meet a check for \$1,500. The party who drew the check spread the news, and something of a run began among the small creditors. About \$80,000 is due depositors, and Loomis states that the assets of the institution are entirely adequate to pay all liabilities in full. quate to pay all liabilities in full.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)
CHICAGO. Aucust 28.—The eleventh annual meeting of the National Women's Christian Temperance Union will be held at St. Louis October 23d to 26th. It is expected that all the States and Territories will be represented by delegates from

por Alcoholism.

Dr. C. S. Ellis, Wabaab, Ind., says: "I prescribed it for a man who had used intoxicants to excess for fifteen years, but during the last two years has entirely abstined. He tunks the Acid Phosphate is of much benefit to him,"

THE IRISH OF NEW YORK

FOR CLEVELAND AND HENDRICKS. Euthusiastic Gathering of the Sous of Eri

Stirring Address by Senator Jones, of Florida-Resolutions Adopted.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.] New York, August 28.—The Cleveland and Hendricks meeting which was held to-night at the Academy of Music, orzanized by Irishmen and descendants of Irishmen, was a grand success, both in point of numbers and enthusiasm. Long before the doors were open the entrances were packed, and the streets in the vicinity crowded with people. Ten minutes after the doors were opened all seats were occupied, and all the standing room full. Many ladies were in the audience.

Street-Commissioner Colemen cailed the meeting to order and nominated Eugene Kelly for chairman. The latter made no NEW YORK, August 28 .- The Clevelar

meeting to order and nominated Eugene
Kelly for chairman. The latter made no
neldress. A list of vice-presidents of the
meetings was then read. Among them
were Park-Commissioner Crimmins, exScuator Cozzens, Senator Daily, John E.
Devlin, John Fox, ex-Mayor Grace, Henry
L. Hoguet, Judges Hogan and Kelly, Generai Martin J. MacMahon, Colonel William
P. Roberts, and others.

rai Martin J. MacMahon, Coionel William R. Roberts, and others.
United States Senator Jones, of Florida, was then introduced, and was greeted with cheers. He said that the country had been told by many of its leading journals and politicians that the time had arrived when every citizen of Irish birth ought to leave the Democratic party and go over to the Republicans. What had the Democratic party done to forfest Irish confidence? What had the Republican party done to merit it? The latter had been in power for more than twenty years, and during that time the great twenty years, and during that time the great body of men of Irish blood on this con-tinent had stood where their fathers did. stendfast in their devotion, enthusiastic in their support, unwavering in their fidelity to Democrafic principles, whether on the battle-field yielding up their life's blood in defence of the Union or in the struggle of ordinary life, by sweat and toil adding to the wealth and growth of the republic. They have never deserted the grand old party which was ever true to them. All other foreign citizens were as much indebted to the Democratic party as the Irish, but there was this difference between the latter: Of all other foreign-born citizens, the Irish were the only people who came here from Europe who had no political allegiance to blind them to a foreign Power. The Democratic party, under the lead of Jefferson, came into life to protect and defend the great principles of our Constitution from the assaults and usurpations of those who had steadfast in their devotion, enthusiastiprinciples of our constitution from the assaults and usurpations of those who had no confidence in the intelligence and ca-pacity of the people for self-government. The first great victory won by the Demo-cratic party was in the interest of the for-cign-born citizen's right of free discussion. But for the efforts of the Democratic party

eign-born citizen's right of free discussion. But for the citors of the Democratic party in behalf of foreign-born men some of the new recruits of the Republican party would not have the right to stand on this soil. The Irish people of America were cutitled to great credit for the intelligence they displayed in adhering to the Democratic party above any other for the liberality it displayed towards all naturalized citizens, while other foreign-born citizens appeared indifferent upon the subject. The trust reposed in the Democratic party has never been disregarded or betrayed. The foreign policy of this Government while in Democratic hands reflected honor upon the republic and gave security to all our citizens.

Senator Jones spoke at some length on the oppression and wrougs the Irish race had suffered at the hands of the English. There were no people, he declared, in the world who suffered so much for principle as the Irish. The great crime of England, for which she would one day suffer more than ever she had, was in using her great power, social and political, in attempts to destrade this noble race. The speaker said he did not come to ponder to them for their votes or influence. He owell-ess to the men of his race than any other man of Irish blood that held high political station in this of his race than any other man of Irish blood that held high political station in this country, but he acknowledged his obliga-tion to the Democratic party, and its free and tolerant principles for all that he was and all that he ever expected to be.

The following resolutions were then read

The following resolutions were then read and adopted:

Resolved, That the national Democratic party has always maintained the dignity of citizenship, trrespective of creed or place of birth, and has never failed while in power to insist upon a due recognition of that dogma and the rights and liberty of the citizen at his home and abroad.

The the official record that Governor

2. That the official record that Governor Cleveland has made is ample guarantee that ss President of the United States he will cited in the platform of the Democratic National Convention, and in the protection of the rights of all citizens.

5. That the opposition to the Democratic

a. That the opposition to the Democratic party, under whatever guise or name it has been known in the past, from the days of the Federalists down to the days of modern Republicanism, has been opposed to the extension of modern citizenship, indifferent to the rights and wrongs of adopted citizens, proscriptive in its policy, narrow and illiberal in its views, and since the expiration of its original mission—abolition of slavery—notoriously insineere in its claims and pretensions. It has claimed, to the prejudice of the honor of the American people, that its party suppressed the rebellion. It has claimed, to the detriment and insult of Democratic soldiers, that it organized, made, and led our armies, and it has falled to uphold the rights of injured citizens abroad, thereby bringing the name of the United States into discrediff.

4. That James G. Blame, during twenty years of official life, never interested himself in the welfare of American citizens who while abroad were deprived of their libertles and rights without authority of law, and, while Secretary of State, not only failed but refused to exert the induence of the United States Government in behalf of such wittens.

ence of the United States Government in behalf of such citizens.

5. That, believing in the extension and protection of citizenship and in the prin-ciples set forth in these resolutions, and holding them to be of high importance to the American people, we carnestly recommend to our fellow-citizens' support, as fitting representatives of that party which has always asserted and maintained these principles and made American eltizenship at bome and abroad, the nominees of the National Democratic Convention at Chicago—Grover Cleveland for President and Thomas A. Hendricks for

New Hampshire Greenbackers.

Postsakouth, N. II., August 28.—The chairman of the Greenback State Committee will call the Greenbrek State Convention at Manchester for September 4th, when a full State ticket will be nominated.

Thy telegraph to the Dispatch. I NEWARK, N. J., August 28,—At 2:30 o'clock this morning a fire broke out in building 255 and 257 Market street, occu-pied on the first floor by Martin Burnes's grocery-store; second, third, and fourth floors by J. A. Bannister's shee-factory. floors by J. A. Bannister's shoe-factory. The flames spread all through the second, third, and fourth floors, and they were completely gutted. Burnes's stock was damaged by water. Bannister's factory was totally destroyed. Loss estimated at \$100,000 on the building and contents, which is partially covered by insurance in foreign companies. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Portion of a New York Village De

Portion of a New York Village Desiroyed.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

Waterrown, N. Y., August 28.—A large part of the business portion of the village of Adams, Jefferson county, was destroyed by fire this morning. The Adams Collegiate Institute was among the buildings burned. Insurance not known. Total loss estimated at \$200,000. The Fire Department of Watertown went to the assistance of the Adams fremen and saved the rest of the town, the Adams department being unable to cope with the flames. The origin unable to cope with the flames. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Philadelphia's Broken Bankers.

Philadelphia's Broken Bainkers.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.!

Philadelphia, Pa., August 28.—Several more warrants were issued to-day for the arrest of Ladner Brothers, the suspended bankers, charging them with the embezzlement of funds entrusted to them. The Ladners could not be found, Louis, who town yesterday, having gone to

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

NEW YORK, August 28.—Jay-Eye-See trotted at Prespect Park, Brooklyn, today against the record, but only made 2:122 and 2:144. Phallas also trotted three heats to beat 2:133, but broke badly, and only made 2:184, 2:204, and 2:174.

down many buildings and stripping roofs from massive blocks. The provincial towns have also suffered severely, and the damage to crops is heavy. At Portage La Prairie the Canadum Pacific raitroad sheds were razed to the ground, and telegraph lines were prostrated in every direction.

A Clerk's Heavy Poenlations. A Clerk's Heavy Poenlations.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

WILKESHARRE, PA., August 28.—Later developments to-day make it certain that the amount stolen by Roberts, clerk for Parrish & Co., was about 3100,000. In addition to his peculations at has been learned that Roberts has hypothecated bonds and securities. At Easton this afternoon a deed of assignment of Roberts's property to Charles Parrish & Co. was filed in the Recorder's office. The consideration was \$1. with his interest in the Red-Ash Coal Company. The property assigned by Roberts is worth \$80,000.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., August 28,-A heavy CHARLOTTE, N. C., August 28.—A heavy rain west of this place this evening washed out about forty feet of the Chester and Lenoir Narrow-Gauge railroad track four miles west of Lincolnton, stopping the trains. Cansiderable damage was done to the crors. The railroad washout will be repaired in time to permit trains to resume

A Robber Killed and Mutilated.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)
CHATTANOOGA, August 28. — Tuesday GATTANOGA, August 28, — Thesaas night a posse of mer caught a man named Franklin, who a short time ago had robbed Joe Davis at Glen Mary, Tenn., of \$1,000. The posse shot Franklin dead and placed his body on the railroad track, where it was horribly mangled. It was accidentally discovered to-day how Franklin met his fate.

Harry Wilkes Wies a \$19,000 Trol.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

Harryord, Conn., August 28.—Harry
Wilkes wen the ten-thousand-dollar trolting race for circuit, winners at CharterOak Park to-day. He was sixth in the first
heat, and won the second, third, and fourth
heats. Time, 2:244, 2:17, 2:19, 2:214,
Maxey Cobb trotted to best Smuggler's stallion record of 2:151. Cobb's time was Storey Non Compus. (By telegraph to the Dispatch,)
CHICAGO, August 28—Judge Knickerbocker, of the Probate Court, to-day, upon
the report of two expert physicians, submitted the question to the jury, which
found that Wilbur F. Storey, of the Chi-

eago Times, is ireapacitated for business. The appointment of a conservator of hi-estate is now being considered by the

(By telegraph to the Ouspatch.) Cuicaco, August 28.—The visit of Dr. Paaren, State Veterinarian, to Elmburst vesterday resulted in the killing of ten Jersey cows, appraised at \$3,000. Their lung, were found to show more or less decider traces of pieuro-pneumonia. In some cases the lungs adhered firmly to the ribs, and were decidedly hepotized.

Lynchburg Negroes Endorse Came-

Lynchburg Negroes Endorse Came ron's Letter. (Special telegram to the Disputch.) Lynchurgo, Va., August 28.—The ne groes held a mass-meeting here to-night and formally endorsed Cameron's letter by esolution, and declared their purpose no

THE WAR IN CHINA.

The French Continue Bombarding and Destroying Forts. [By cable to the Dispatch.]

Iny easile to the Dispatch.]
Lendon, August 28.—A disputch from
Shanghat dated yesterday says: "The
Mingan forts below Foo-Chow were finally
silenced Tuesday evening. To-day a heavy
cannonade has been kept up between the
French fleet and the Kinpai forts, which are
situated at the northern mouth of Min
sityer."

A dispatch to the Times, which left Foo-chow at 2 P. M. to-day, says; "The Kin-pai forts have been destroyed." A later dispatch from the Foo-Chow cor-respondent of the Times says; "I have just returned from Kinpai. All the dedences along the Min river are gone. The Chinese troops bolted. The French fleet can bembard, but occupation of the main-land is impossible."

French forces can be obtained at the arsenal at Salgon, French Cechin China, Operations against Lang Son have been suspended on account of the intense heat. General Negrier will retire to Bae Ninh. It is stated that the Delta is in no danger, General Millot telegraphs from Tonquin that he lost four men while repulsing plrates and Black Flags, who pillaged villages along the Red river and massucred the inabitants. The French garrisons at Sontay and Hong Hoa, with the aid of the gunbeats, Millot states, succeeded in driving them into the mountains.

The Paris papers doubt the report that the French have landed at Kelung and captured the forts. In reference to the report La Libertie says a landing force of 500 men

and Liberie says a landing force of 500 men s not available for the capture of Kelung, Paris, August 28.—The following is Ad-

P. M .- Our operations against the Mingin forts have been successfully concluded. All the Chinese batteries have been destroyed. We have shattered all their cannon with gun-cotton. The attack on Kinpai will be made

to-day.

Loxoox, August 2s.—A dispatch which left Shanghai at 5:10 P. M. to-day says:

Admiral Courbet began to bombard Kinpai yesterday. A heavy cannonade still London, August 28.—The British man-

of war Canada has received orders to be ready to sail for China September 9th. The Dreadnought has been commissioned for the Mediterraneau.

Several other iron-clads can proceed on short notice to Egypt or China.

Several other iron-chids can proceed on short notice to Egypt or China.

Hoxa Koxo, August 28.—The French consul and French merchants, who were expelled from Canton last Saturday by order of the Viceroy, have arrived here. A mob at Canton invaded the Catholic cathedral on Wednesday. The building was cleared by the efforts of the foreign consuls, who induced the French bishop and missionaries to leave Canton.

The Attlinde of France.

(By cable to the Dispatch.)

LONDON. August 28.—The Paris correspondent of the Times says: Prime-Minister Ferry, in a private conversation, complained with much vehemence of the stricture of the Times regarding Admirat Courbet's conduct at Foo-Chow, "The French press," he said, "showed no such spirit when the English bombarded Alexandria. The English press, by egging andria. The English press, by egging China on, is siding against Europe. The confidence it gives the Chinese may next be turned against England. Commercial na-tions are naturally uneasy at our action, tut once resolved on redress, we must deal blows which will tell." M. Ferry disayow-ed the policy of colonial conquest. "My ed the policy of colonial conquest. "My whole duty," he said, "is to finish enterprises originally ill-conceived and ill-managed. We want peaceful occupation of Tonquin, and we want to enforce on China the respect she owes us. European interests need not be alarmed at this. We are said to to the decilinal way of the colonial to the acting for the civilized world.'

[By cable to the Dispatch.]
PARIS, August 28.—The Republique Française subjects Prince Bismarck's colonia policy to an analysis, and declares that

(By cable to the Dispatch.)
ROME, August 28,—The following builttin shows the progress of cholera in Italy during the past twenty-four hours :

Bologna..... 2 Campobasso..... 6 La Spezia.... In the province of Cuneo twenty-seve fresh cases are reported, of which twenty six were in the town of Busca. Twenty

one of these cases have already proved day against the record, but only made 2:124 and 2:144. Phallas also trotted three heats to beat 2:133, but broke badly, and only made 2:184, 2:204, and 2:174.

A Destructive Cyclone.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

Minneapolis, August 28.—A special to the Journal from Winnepeg says: A terrible cyclone passed over this place last night, doing great damage and blowing

hours ending this evening: Admitted, 4; deaths, 1; under treatment, 37. Pauls, August 28.—The deaths from cholers in the departments of Southern France were as follows to-day: Herault, 6; Aude, 6; Eastern Pyrenees. 19.

THE PERUVIAN TROUBLES.

Promiscoons Killing.
[By cable to the Dispatch.] (By cable to the Dispaten.)
Chorn Lina yesterday there was a storm of bullets for over six hours. Cacres entered the city with the rabble, who yelled and fired in the greatest disorder. The night before all the Government troops were withdrawn into the Cuartel and palace, and the entry of Caceres, although not unexpected was somewhat. although not unexpected, was somewhat of a surprise. His men captured Cuar-tel and the churches of Merced and San Augustine, from which they kept up a fusilade. They also attacked Guadaloupe Station. About fifteen persons were killed in Mercaderes and Bodegones streets and near the Palace square, where the fire was hottest. Finally the Government troops made a sortic and drove out the mob. trade a sortic and drove out the mob. Caceres was accompanied by about ninety borsemen. They appeared to have been travelling all night, and were not in condition to fight with the troops well fed and fresh from their beds. Three hundred prisoners were taken. Caceres escaped. The German proprietor of a cigar-store was killed while looking from a balcony. All the closer polywies were cut for miles All the telegraph-wires were cut for miles out of the city, and no trains ran. Nothing occurred at Chorillos. The cable staff are all right. Heavy guns were heard for some hours, but no news as to the locality of the hours, but no news as to the locality of the bring has been received up to 9:39 A. M. All is quiet this morning in Lima. The dead men and horses are being removed and the pools of blood cleared up. The fight is San Augustine church proceeded with closed doors. Caceres is said to have 1,300 disciplined troops who were to have attacked Callao. These may return. Last night there were no guards in the streets, all were in the Church and rabee.

The English-Egyptian Contingent. The English-Egyptian Contingent.

18 vesible to the Dispatch.

London, August 28,—The Government is expediting the departure and increasing the number of reinforcements for Egypt. The staff at Woolwich has been increased, and additional hands engaged to put the transports in readiness as rapidly as possible. Orders have been sent to Plymouth to basten the fitting out of the transport Poonah.

ootmb. It has been decided to increase the expedilion for the relief of General Gordon to 7,000 men. Seven hundred of the Royal Scots will be dispatched from the West In-dies. The rest of the troops will go from Giltralfar, Malta, and Cypress. Four hun-dred more river-boats have been ordered.

General Lord Wolseley Confident.

[By cable to the Dispatch.]
LONDON. August 28.—General Lord
Wolseley, the newly-appointed command-cr-in-chief of the British forces in Egypt, proposes to reach Dongola with the Gor-don relief expedition by November 7th. He declares his confidence that he will be able to accountifish this programme without He declares his confidence that ac will be able to accomplish this programme without difficulty. There are only six cataracts to pass, whereas in the Red-river expedition in 1870 he was connelled to drag his boats overland at forty-six different places.

A Miser Dies Intestate.

There was buried in the cemetery at thester last week an old man namea Abra-ham Price, better known by the surname of Hedge. He had kept for many years a in his appearance and interable in his habits. Formerly, it was stated, Hodge had been a member of the Chester police force, He appears to have had neither kith nor kin, and of his early life nothing was known. He had been in ill health for some time prior to his decease, and when pressed to make some testamentary disposition of the property which he was suncition of the property which be was sup-posed to possess his invariable reply was: "No.no; the Crown shall make my will." It is added that when the ancient will." It is added that when the ancient iniser died, the Chester police took posses-sion, on behalf of the Crown, of Mr. Hodge's property, the value of which, it is said, amounts to £5,000. So, if the esti-mate of the ancient miser's property be genuine, the Solicitor of the Treasury will make the customary inquiries as to whether there are any next of kin to Abraham Price, and, in default of any person coming forward to prove, or strive to prove, their China, &c.

Paris, August 28 — Twenty-five hundred troops have been placed in readiness to proceed to Tonquin if required. Admiral Peyron, Minister of Marine, bast elegraphed Admiral Courbet that war-supplies for the French forces can be obtained at the assenal at Saigon. French Cochin China, Operations of the State, on which it can confer only an infinitesimal advantage. Except for the circumstance that the old book-stall keeper of Eastgate row, Chester, died intestate, he would have but a very feeble claim to the account of the control of mest notable misers have been, as a rule, yery careful as to the making of their wills. The "old rich Audiey," celebrated by Perys, who began with a capital of £250, and, by dint of half a century's scraping and moneymongering, died worth half a million, made, by his death, according to the diarist, "a great many poor families rich." and forgave, moreover, a debt of £6,000 owing to him from a scrivener in Fleet street. Augustine Poutheny, the famous Irish niser, who lived till eighty-three a bachelor, declaring that his only wife was the lor, declaring that his only wife was the public tunds and his children dividends, declined to leave his vast fortune to his declined to leave his vast fortune to his numerous and impoverished relatives, asserting that they were wholly unqualified by inexperience to manage money. So he hequeathed his whole fortune to an already wealthy family in the West Indies, saddling his bequest with the not very onerous legacy of £4 to a servant who had been with him for twenty-four years. The Rev. Morgan Jones, of Blewberry, commenly known as the "Berkshire Miser," who lived on bread and tea, picked up his fuel in thickets, and borrowed his hats from the scarcerows, was a munificent benefactor to the Bible and missionary societies. John Elwes, who encouraged no art, wrought no improveary societies. John Elwes, who encouraged no art, wrought no improvement, diffused no blessings, and bestowed no benevolence on the poor and needy, bequeathed the greater part of his disposable property—his estates were entailed—en his illegitimate children. Mr. John Camden Neild, who in 1852 left his huge fortune to the Queen, was able to gratify his vanity by making his sovereign personally his legatee, instead of allowing his money to drift by intestacy into the public exchequer, while the old milden hady, the possessor of so many grimy and ruinous tenements while the old malden lady, the possessor of so many grimy and ruinous tenements in the metropolis, who by her will so sufprisingly enriched the Consumption Hospital at Brompton, showe! at all events sympathy with human suffering. But in the case of the Chester book-stall keeper—who might have remembered that Guv's Hospital was founded by a miserly book-seller—there is a complete disregard of the chim of charity and compassion, and as the act of intestacy was deliberate, it may be reasonably assumed that Abraham Price alias Hodge, was one of those very rare characters, a complete and perfect misancharacters, a complete and perfect misan-

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S SCHOOL

SUITS.

TIS A PLEASURE TO SAY WE ARE READ! TO-DAY. DURING THE PAST THREE WEEKS WE HAVE BEEN BUSY ARRANGING AND PLETE IN EVERY DETAIL. WE ARE SHOW-ING DOUBLE THE VARIETY OF STYLES WE HAVE EVER SHOWN, THE CHIL-DREN'S SUITS RANGE IN PRICE FROM \$1 TO \$20 A SUIT. THE BOYS SUITS FROM \$5 TO \$25 A SUIT. CHILDREN'S FALL OVER-COATS FROM \$4 TO \$10. BOYS FALL OVER-COATS FROM \$5 TO \$15. SURELY A GOOD RANGE OF PRICES TO SELECT FROM. YOUTHS' AND MEN'S SUITS FOR FALL

WEAR ARE ARRIVING DAILY. FALL OVERCOATS-THE STOCK IS COM-PLETE.

WE ARE SHOWING TO-DAY A LINE OF EEGULATION KNIGHTS TEMPLARS COATS. AND SHALL AT ALL TIMES HAVE A FULL AND COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF THEM.

> LEADERS IN CLOTHING, 1013 MAIN STREET,

A. SAKS & CO.,

DIRECTLY OPPOSITE POST-OFFICE. [au 28]

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL. WALL STREET YESTERDAY.

New York, August 23,—The share market opened firm, with a fractional advance in nearly all the leading shares. Before the first call, however, there was a decline of 4n14, the latter in Union Pacific. This was followed by a recovery in Union Pacific to 514 and an advance of 4 to 14 in the general list. After 11 o'clock a weak feeling prevailed, and the market for the remainder of the day was heavy and lower. The hear leaders signalized their return to the street by large sales of active shares. Reports concerning the Trunk-Line situation were circulated, and it was rumored that Grand Trunk had given notice of its withdrawal from the Trunk-Line Association. This brought about a large sale, and the short interest was materially increased. The decline from the highest point of the day ranged from 1 to 44. Union Pacific fell of 44, Western Union and Northwest 31, St. Paul 31, Rock Island 14, Lackawanna and Louisville and Nashville 24. Lake Shore 14, New Jersey Central 14, New York Central 14, Erie 14, Northern Pacific preferred 21, Oregon Transcontinental 2, Pacific Mail 14, Omaha 24, pre-Closed Lower. Revolution Rabble in Lima Indulge in Facific preferred 21, Oregon Transcontinental 2, Pacific Mail 14, Omaha 24, preferred 11. At the close the market was weak at or near the lowest prices. Compared with last night's closing, prices are mail lower. Union Pacific, Grangers, the

pared with last night's closing, prices are insign lower, Union Pacific, Grangers, the Vanderbiits, and Western Union being the greatest sufferers. Sales, 350,000 shares. Aoon.—Stocks caster, Money, 2a3 per cent. Exchange—Long, 483a483‡; short, 485a485‡, Governments dull. States strong. Evening.—Exchange, 483. Money, 12a2 per cent. Sub-Treasury balances—Gold. 8126,208; currency, \$12.884. Governments from: 4 per cents, 1201; 3 per cents.

Fenne-see 6's. 304
Virginia 6's. (bid) 37
Virginia consols. (bid) 35 Lake Shore......Louisville and Nashville.....
 Pacific Mail
 483

 Reading
 264

 Richmond and Alleghany
 39

 Richmond and Danville
 424

 Richmond and West Point Terminal
 20

 Texas Pacific
 124

 Union Pacific
 471

 Wabash Pacific
 6

 Wabash Pacific preferred
 145

 Western Union
 64
 BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, August 28.—Virginia 6's, onsol, 30; North Carolina 6's old, 1072. Bid to-day. RICHMOND STOCK EXCHANGE.

THURSDAY, August 28, 1884. STATE SECURITIES. Bid. Asised. Virginia 10-40's...... 315 Virginia new 3's..... North Carolina 4's.... CITY BONDS.

RAILBOAD BONDS. Col. and Greenville 1st 6's.... Columbia & Greenville 2d 6's... Virginia Midland income 6's... | Piedmont 1st 8's | 108 | Petersburg 1st 5's, Class A | 90 | Petersburg 2d 6's, Class B | 844 | R. Y. R. & Chesarpeake 8's | 1044 | R. and D. consol 6's, 1885 | 1002 R. and D. consol 6's, 1890 103 Atlanta and Charlotte 7's 1094

Western North Carolina 7's...105 Col, and Greenville pref. .100 Virginia Midland common... BANKS.

Merchants and Planters... 25 .. MISCELLANEOUS. R. & W. P. T. R'y & W. Co GRAIN AND COTTON EXCHANGE.

RICHMOND, Va., August 28, 1884. OFFERINGS. WHEAT.-White, 560 bushels. Mixed, 1.674 bushels. Red, 6,531 bushels. Total, 705 bushels -White, 1,270 bushels. Mixed, Conn.—White, 1,270 ,500 bushels, Oars.—1,154 bushels,

Ryv.-132 bushels.

ORCHARD-GRASS SEED .- 115 bushels. SALES REPORTED TO SECRETARY. WBEAT.—White, 232 bushels common to very good at 75 to 93c. Mixed, 830 bushels ils at 83c. Red, 928 bushels common to good Longberry at 82 to 91c.; 2,808 bushcommon to prime Shortberry at 70 to OATS.-116 bushels very good mixed on

We quote: Fine, \$2.25@\$2.50; superfine, \$2.50@\$3; extra. \$4@\$4.55; family, \$4.75@\$5.25; Patent family, country, \$5.50@\$6. Market very dull.

RICHMOND MARKETS. COUNTRY PRODUCE. Butter, Eggs, Fouls, Lard, Corn Meal.
Butter: Strickly prime, 20a22c, active;
good to prime, 15a17c.; poor to fair, 10a12c.
Eggs; Fresh, 15c.; active demand.
Lave Fowis: Large hens, 25c.; smalle
50a25c.; spring chickens, large, 23a25c.;
smaller size, 10a20c.
Lard: Country, 9a10c.
Corn Meal:75c. per bushel for country;
soc, for city mills.

soc. for city mills. Green and Dried Fruits.

Apples: Choice eating, \$2 a barrel, cooking, \$1 per barrel. Grapes: 2a4c, per pound.
Peaches: Bushel boxes, chotce, \$1a
\$2; bushel boxes, prime, \$1. halfsushel boxes, 75a\$1. pushel boxes, 75a\$1.

Pears: Choice-eating, \$2a\$3 bushel boxes; other kinds, \$1a\$2 bushel boxes.

Watermeltons: \$4a\$6 per hundred.

Dried Fruit: Apples, 2a3c.; blackberies, 2a6c.; cherries, 10a11c. All dried tuits nominal, buyers holding off for new tack. Vegetables.

Cabbage: New early York, 2a3c. per Tomatoes: Bushel box, 20a25c. Potatoes: Irish choice potatoes, \$1.50a\$2, barrel; choice per bushel, 40a50c. Omons: 82 per barrel. Miscellaneon

Becawax: 28c. per pound.
Black-Oak Bark: Rossed, \$11.50 per 2,240 pounds; rough, \$7 per 3,000 pounds.
Feathers: Prime live-goose, 50a52c.; Feathers: Frime Investose, Jonatae, common, 25c.
Flaxseed: \$1.10a\$1.15 per bushel.
Hay: No. 1 timothy, \$15.50a\$16; No. 2 timothy, \$13.50a\$14; clover, \$13.
Mill-Offal: Brownstuff, \$17 per ton; bran. \$16 per ton; shipstuff, \$18 per ton.
Bailed Oats: Nominal.

Baied Oals: Nominal.
Roots: Ginseng, \$1.50a\$1.60 per pound;
Seneca. Irce of tops, 40a45c. per pound.
Pennuts: 5c. as to quality, and dull.
Rye: 60a55c. per bushel.
Sumae: Prime, \$1a\$1.15.
Shucks: 50a55c.
Baied Straw: 40a45c.
Tallow: 7a74c. per pound.
Wool: Washed, 27a25c.; unwashed. 20c.; burry wool will bring from 3 to 5c. per pound less than the above rates. CEMENT, LIME, PLASTER, AC. Coment: Rosendale, \$1.50a\$1.60 per bar-ret; James R.ver, \$1.40a1.45. Lime: Agricultural, 8a10c, per bushel;

The New York Stock Market Weak, as

per gallon.
Race Ginger: 124c.
Soda: Sal., 1fa2c., in kegs; English soda, 5c.; American, 3fa4c.
Spirits Turpentine: 45c.

Prints: Merrimack, 5\$c.; Merrimack Shirting, 5c.; Richmond, 5\$c.; South Bridge, 5\$c.; Richmond, 5\$c.; Shipson Bourning, 6c.; Mallory Pink, 6\$c.; Mallory Purple, 6\$c.; Simpson Mourning, 6c.; Simpson Black, 6c.; Harmony, 5c.; Ashisand Solid, 5\$c. Bleached Shirtings and Sheetings: 7-8 Security, 5c.; 7-8 Jack Horner, 5\$c.; 7-8 Security, 5c.; 7-8 Jack Horner, 5\$c.; 7-8 Security, 5c.; 6-2, 4-4 Fairmont, 6\$c.; 4-4 Pelham Q, 6\$c.; 4-4 Fairmont, 6\$c.; 4-4 Barker, 8c.; 4-4 Fareweil, 9c.; 4-4 Wauregan, 10c.; 10-4 Monadnock, 2\$c.; 10-4 Pequot, 30c. Brown Cottons: Manchester \$\$1\$ A., 4\$c.; Manchester 4-4 A. A., 5c.; Rockbridge DRY GOODS

Manchester 4-4 A. A., 5c.; Rockbridge 4-4 R. R., 6c.; James River I O. O., 44c.; James River H. H., 5jc.; James River D. D., 64c. FOREIGN PRUITS AND CANDY.

Candy: 'ealle, per pound, as to quality Lemons: \$1a\$2 per box. Oranges: Messina, \$6a\$7 per box. GROCERIES, &C. Bacon: Clear-rib sides very scarce, 114a 124c.; shoulders, Sjacc.; Virginia shoulders, 9c.; Virginia hams, fancy, large, 14a 16c.; sugar-cured, 14a144c.; canvased hams, 15a154c.; bulk sides, 114a12c.; bulk

hams, bander, tonk sides, fig. 2.; onk shoulders, Sc.
Buckets: Painted, two hoops, \$1.359 \$1.75; three hoops, \$1.60a\$2.
Brooms: Two strings, \$1.25; three strings, \$1.65a\$2.50; four strings, \$2.25a \$4.50. Baskets: Willow, \$1.153\$1.30 per nest:

Baskets; Willow, \$1.15.\$1.30 per nest; split, \$5a90c, per dozen.
Coffee: Rio, common, 10½10½c.; fair to prime, 11½12c.; Laguayra, 11½12c.; Java, 18a22c.
Candles: Adamantine candles, 11½11½c. per set, 15½c. per pound; half-boxes, 11½c.; tallow, 14c.
Cheese: Prime cutting, 15½16c.; northern and western prime cutting, 12½13c.; common, 2a11½c.; English dairy, 18a20c.; pineapple, 25c.

pineapple, 25c. Rice: Carolina, 64a7c.

Fish: Herrings—North Carolina Gross— New, 86; North Carolina cut, 88; eastern, 83,25484. Mackerel—No. 1 Bay, half-bar \$3.25484. Mackerei—No. 1 Bay, han-bar rels, \$15; No. 2, in barrels, \$18; No. 3 fat rinamed mackerel, \$7.50a\$8; No. 1, in kits, \$1.50; No. 2, in kits, \$1.25; No. 5, small, \$5.50a\$6. Lard: Prime, barrels and tierces, 9a9je.;

Lard: Prime, barreis and tierces, 9494c.; in balf-barreis, 94994c.; tubs, 8494c.
Matches: 66's, 75385c, per pack; 200's, 82,50a83 gross; 560's, 87,50a89 gross.
Molasses: Common syrup—Hogsheads, 13c.; tierces, 15c.; barrels, 16c.; genuine golden syrup, 39a32c, per gallon; New Orleans, prime, 55a69c.
Salt: Liverpool, from store, \$1,35.
Ground alum from store, 85c, per sack. Ground alum, from store, 85c, per sack, Sugar: Crushed, 74c.; powdered, 74c.; granula ed, 74c.; A, 64c.; off A, 64c.; yel low, 5\frac{1}{2}abc.; cut-loaf, 8\frac{1}{2}c.; best washing, 7\frac{1}{2}a8c.; teilet, 15a20c., and fancy prices;

82.50 a nest. HIDES, LEATHER, &C. Hides: Green, 455c.; wet salted, 7a8c.; dry salted, Hal2c.; dry flint, 3a15c. Leather: Rough leather, 20a25c.; elty fluish harness, 30a36c.; country fluish har-ness, 25a30c.; wax upper, 30a49c.; hemlock sole, 19a27c.; oak sole, 30a40c.

Iron: American refined, Old Dominion bar, \$1.90; English and American sheet, 2454c. Swedes, hammered, 4455c.; hoop, 455c. Nails: Old Dominion, \$2.50 for standard size.
Plough-Castings: Wholesale, 3‡c.; retall,

IRON, STEEL, NAILS, &C.

42 per pound. Rope: Manilla, best, 15c.; jute, 7½n8c. LIQUORS, WINES, &C. Ale: Scotch (best brands), pints, \$1.90
a\$2 per dozen, gold.
Brandles: bomestic, \$1.10a\$1.50; fruit,
90c.a\$1.25; apple, new, \$1.75a\$2; Southampton, \$2.25; Virginia peach, \$2.50a\$3. Rye Whiskeys: Medium, \$1.50a\$2; pure old, \$3a\$4; Virginia mountain, new, \$1.75a\$2; old, \$2a\$3 and upwards.

Gin: Domestic, \$1.10a\$1.50; imported, ***0.500**9.75 per case.

New England Rum: \$1.50a**1.65.

Rectifled Whiskeys: 95c.a**1.40.

LUMBER, STAVES, &C. Lumber: White oak, cut to order, \$17a \$22 per 1,000; on market, \$10a\$15 per 1,000; Western Virginia popiar, \$15a\$25 per 1,000; West Virginia white pine, \$15a \$35 per 1,000; yellow pine—rough boards, \$8a\$9; dry clear, \$12a\$15; joist, \$9a\$15,ae-

\$8a\$0; dry clear, \$12a\$15; joist, \$9a\$15.according to sizes and lengths. Shingles—
Pine, \$1.75a\$2.50; cypress, six-inch, \$5a\$7
per 1,000; saps, \$5a\$6. Laths—Split, \$1;
sawed, \$1.75a\$2 per 1,000.
Staves: Whiskey-barrel timber, green,
\$18a\$20 per 1,000; seasoned, \$20a25 per
1,000. Flour-barrel timber, \$1a\$7 per
1,000. Machine staves, \$7a\$8; turned
heading, \$c. per set. Flour-barrel poics,
\$4a\$6. Hogshead-hoops, 70c. per bundle.
Market exceedingly dull, with very few
buyers, at prices quoted. buyers, at prices quoted.

POWDER, SHOT, &C. Fuse: Toy's mining, 35a20c, per 100 feet. Powder: \$5 by the five kers—less than five kegs, \$5.25; blasting, \$2.55a82.80. Shot: Northern, \$1.85 per bag of 25 Grindstones : 13a2c. per pound.

SEED.

Clover: \$6a\$6.50.
Timothy: \$1.75a\$2.
Orchard-Grass: \$1.90a\$2.25.
Herd Grass: 10ca\$1.
Millet-Seed: \$1. TOBACCO MARKETS

RICHMOND TOBACCO MARKET. THURSDAY, August 28, 1884. There is less activity in the market with DARK TOBACCO.

\$7.50. Leaf: Common, \$8a\$9.50; good, \$10a \$12; fine, \$12\darks16. SUN-CURED. Lugs: Unsound, \$5.50a\$6.75; sound, \$7.50a\$9, Leaf: Common, \$9a\$10; medium, \$10.50 a\$12.50; good, \$13a\$18; fine, \$20a\$60.

Lugs: Common, \$5a\$6; good, \$6.50a

BRIGHT TOBACCO-MANUFACTURING. Sniokers: Common, \$8a\$12; good, \$13 Sinokers: Common, \$23212; good, \$13 \$15; fine, \$15a\$20. Fillers: Common, \$10a\$13; good, \$13a \$16; fine, \$17a\$20. Wrappers: Common, \$15a\$20; good. \$22a\$25; fine, \$30a\$60.

NEW YORK TOBACCO MARKET. Accest 26.—For western leaf the market is without much life. Sales mainly of a jobbing character, with prices unchanged. For seedleaf the market is easy and slow. Rangescontract spot quotations: Common lugs, 7c.; medium lugs, 7c.; good lugs, 8c.; common leaf, 8c.; low medium leaf, 8c.; medium leaf, 9c.; good medium leaf, 9c.; good leaf, 10c.—

Journal of Commerce.

GENERAL MARKETS. PHILADELPHIA WOOL MARKET. August 26 .- The situation of the market

Argust 26.—The situation of the market is more encouraging than it has been at any time since the season opened. Dealers are very firm, and no difficulty is experienced in realizing outside quotations on the better descriptions; in fact, fine delaine, quarter combing, both washed and unwashed, especially the latter, and medium clothing wools are particularly searce, and in some instances an advance of je, on quoted rates has been obtained. In Territory wools there was quite an active movement, and the bulk of the sales comprised tine and medium. Grades suitable for worsted purposes are in demand, but the supply has become reduced to such a low point that lines to any considerable amount cannot be procured. Carpet wools have attracted a fair share of attention. Comparatively little wool is now coming forward, and the stocks in many instances are very much broken, the heavy drain of the past week having taken most of the desirable offerings. A number of eastern buyers have been looking around, and their purchases

Rockland, \$1.10a21.20 according to quantity; Virguna, \$1a21.10.

Plaster: Lump, \$4; ground, \$8 calcined plaster, \$1.15.

Tar: Large size, \$3.30.

DRUGS. DYESTEPPS, OILS, &c.

Alomi: 4c.

Alcohol: \$2.50 per gallon.

Concentrated Lye: \$2.75a\$3.50 per case of four dozen.

Copperas: 2c.

Coehineat: 50c, per pound.

Extract of Logwood: 16c.

Indigo: \$0080c.

Madder: 14c.

Oils: Linseed, \$5c.; machine, 25a75c.; Madder: 14c.

Oils: Linseed, \$5c.; machine, 25a75c.; Madder: 14c.

Oils: Linseed, \$5c.; machine, 25a75c.; Madder: 14c.

Soc: sweet, \$6 per dozen; best salad, \$8.50; castor, \$1.60 per gallon; Virginia lubricating. I5a40c.; kerosene, 9c., cash, per gallon.

Race Ginger: 124c. were quite liberal. The goods marked has not essentially changed. Both wholes sale and retail transactions in rows were wooliens have been proportioned strictly to actual requirements. The autien sales of blankets recently held in New York resulted quite satisfactorily to sellers. Almost. 2,000,000 pounds changed hands within the range of the following prices: Ohio, Pennsylvania, and West Virginia faceca, washed, XX and above, 32,355c.; do. do. X, 32,833c.; do. do. do. Hall-blood, 32,24c.; do. do. quarter-blood, 28,25c.; do. do. Common, 32,25c.; New York, Elchigse, Indiana, and Wisconsin faceca, washed, XX and above, 30 31c.; do. do. X, 29, 30c.; hell-blood, 33,83c.; do. do. quarter-blood, 27,230c.; do. do. common, 22,25c.; Combung and delaine fleece: Washed fine, 20,21c.; do. medium, 35,25c.; do. do. y, 26,22c.; do. do. common, 22,25c.; low, 30,24c.; Canada, 30,32c. Unwashed fine, 20,21c.; do. medium, 25,27c.; low, 20,24c.; Canada, 30,32c. Unwashed fine, 20,21c.; do. coarse, burry, orheavy, 15,17c.; fown, Kansas, Nebraska, and Minnesota—Unwashed fine, light, 17a,29c.; do., fane, heavy, or dark-colored, 15,17c.; unwashed medium bright, 18,22c.; do. do., dark-colored, 17a,20c.; do., low or coarse, 15a, 18c. Colorado—Medium and flue, choice, 18,20c.; do. average. If all clip improved, 17a,20c.; average improved, 16a,17c.; coarse carpet, light, 19a,20c.; heavy or short, 14c.; fall clip improved, 18a,16c. Utah and Wyoming—Unwashed, choice fine light, 18a,25c.; in horthern and southern do., 15a,20c.; incorse, 14a,15c. Utah and Wyoming—Unwashed, choice fine light, 18a,25c.; in horthern and sastern, 20a,25c.; medium, 20a,27c.; low medium, 16a,18c. ooarse carpet, 15a,16c.; tub-washed, choice selected, eleavy, 15a,16c.; sood, eleavy, 15a,16c.; tub-washed, choice selected, eleavy, 15a,16c.;

NEW YORK IRON MARKET. NEW YORK IRON MARKET.

August 26.—Scotch pig is very slow for prompt delivery, but is held essentially as for several days. American pig is without change in any particular, the trading in small lots, with prices unchanged. Steel rails have a light demand. Sales of 10,000 tons at \$27.25a\$27.50 at mill. The following are the quotations: American pig. No. 1 at \$19.50a\$20; No. 2 at \$13.50a\$19; forget \$17.50a\$10.50b. Scotch, pig at \$21 for. at \$19.50a\$20; No. 2 at \$13.50a\$19; forge at \$17.50a\$18.50; Scotch pig at \$21 for Glengarnock, \$21.75 for Cottness, \$19.50 for Eglinton, and \$22.50 for Summerlee; \$- for Gertscherrie; \$21.50a\$22 for Carpbroc. American steel rails at \$27a\$27.50 at mils; old rails at \$18a\$18.50. Wrought scrap at \$20—Journal of Commerce. NEW YORK SUMAC MARKET.

NEW YORK PEANUT MARKET. Accest 26 .- Sales are of small lots at very regular prices. Quoted at 6c, for hand-picked, 74c, for extra hand-picked, and sasic, for fancy hand-picked; farmers' grades at 5052c.—Journal of Commerce.

August 26.—Quoted at \$70a875 for Virginia and \$100a\$100 for foreign per

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York, August 28.—Cotton firm; siles, 1,271 tales; uplands, 10fe.; Or-cans, 11je.; consolidated net receipts, 519 bales; exports to Great Britain, 1,633 bales; France, 85 bales. Southern flour stendy. Wheat late, lower; ungraded red. 75a56e; ungraded white, 93c.; No. 2 red, 854888c.; September, 891a914c. Corn-8pot quest, ungraded, 62a65c.; No. 2. Spot queet; ungraded, 62a65c.; No. 2, August, 64a64c.; September, 64a624c. Oats—Spot \$a15c. higher; No. 2, 33a34c. Hops unchanged. Coffee—Spot fair; Rio firm at \$10.625a\$10.75; No. 7 Rio, spot, \$8,60; September, \$8,75a\$8.85. Sugar stronger and in fair demand; centrifugal, country, 4a5c. Teas: Black, 25a50c.; Imperial, 25a75c.; Muscovado, 43a4je.; molasses sugar, fair to good reflning, 4/a5c.; extra a5j.; white extra C, 5ja5je.; yellow, gunpowder, 35co \$1. Tubs : Cedar, \$1.75a \$5 a nest ; pine \$2.25a 4in4le.; off A, 5]e.; mould A, 6]e.; standard A, 6]a63-16c.; confectioners' A, 6 7-16c.; cut-loaf and crushed, 7a7ic.; powdered, 6[a7c.; granulated, 6]c.; cubes, steady, Cotton-seed off powdered, 6fa7c.; granulated, 6fc.; cubes, 6fc. Molasses firm; 50-test, 18c. Rice steady. Cotton-seed oil, 35:35c. for crude; 39:42½c. for refined. Rosin firm. Turpentine dull at 31½c. Hides firm. Wood firm. Pork dull and drooping; new mess, spot, ₹18.50. Middles nominal; long clear. 10ặc. Lard opened 23c. higher; closed steady; western steam. spot, ₹7.85:3₹8; September, ₹8.80. Freights easier.

BALTIMORE. BALTMORE, August 28.-Flour steady and quiet. Wheat—Southern higher, strong, and active; western higher and active; south-ern red, 90a91c.; amber, 93a96c.; No. 1 Maryland, 944c, bld; No. 2 western winter red, spot, 838893c. Corn—southern arms, western, no offering and no bid; southern white, 88a69e.; yellow, 63a6te. Oats firmer; southern, 39a35c.; western white, 32a35c.; mixed, 29a32c.; Pennsylvania, 30c35c. Provisions steady and firm. Whiskey steady at \$1.15. Other articles unchanged. Freights duil.

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, August 28.—Flour unchanged, Wheat firmer; No 2 red, 81a 82e. Corn heavy; No. 2 mixed, 54e. Oats scarce and herm; No. 2 mixed, 28e. Pork steady at 818.50a819. Lard in good demand at \$7.75. Bulk-meats unchanged. Baeon unchanged. Whiskey steady at \$1.07. Sugar unchanged. Hogs firm; common and light, \$4.25a\$6.40; packing and butchers', \$5.75a\$6.70. LOUISVILLE.

Locisyn.Le. August 28.—Grain quiet. Wheat—No. 2 red, 70a77c. Corn—No. 2 white, 62c; mixed, 56c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 284c. Provisions firm. Mess pork, \$19. Bulk-meats—Shoulders, \$7; clear rib, \$10.62\frac{1}{2}; sides, \$11.25. Bacon—Shoulders, \$7.75; clear rib, \$11.25; clear, \$11.50. Hams, \$14.50. Lard—Steam leaf, \$9.57.

ST. LOUIS. ST. LOUIS.

Sr. Louis, Angust 28.—Flour unchanged.
Wheat unsettled and lower: No. 2 red. 814
as2c. cash: 82ja82jc. September; No. 3
red. 714a72c. Corn dull and lower;
48ja48jc. cash, 48c. September. Oats very
slow; 26ja27c. cash; 20c. September.
Whiskey steady. Provisions firm and more
doing. Pork, \$18.50a\$10. Bulk-meats—
Long clear, \$10.20; short rib, \$10.35;
clear, \$10.70. Bacon—Long clear, 11c.;
short ribs, 114a113c.; clear, 114a113c.
Lard nominal.
CHICAGO.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO. Angust 28.—Flour unchanged.

Wheat unsettled, nervous and weak;
opened higher than yesterday, but closed
jate, under yesterday; August, 784a80c.;
September, 79a80fc. Corn weaker and
fairly active; opened weak; closed fc. under yesterday; cash, 524a52fc.; September, 514a52fc. Oats firm; cash, 24c;
September, 25fa25fc. Pork dull; cash,
§18.50a\$19 for small lots; round lots held
for August figures; August, \$27.50; September, \$19. Lard easier and 24a5c. tower; cash, \$7.47a\$7.50; September, \$7.45a
\$7.474. Bulk-meats in fair demand; shoulders, \$6.75a\$7; short rib, \$40.25; ciesr,
\$10.85. Whiskey and sugar steady and unchanged. CHICAGO.

MILWAUKEE. MILWACKEE, August 28.—Flour dull. Wheat quiet; No 2 cash and August, 784c.; September, 784c. Corn scarce and firm; No. 2, 534c. bid. Oats scarce and higher; No. 2, 29c.; No. 2 white, 30a31c. Provisions firm. Mess pork, \$17.25 cash, August, and September. Lard—Prime steam, \$7.45 cash and September. Sweet-pickled hans firm at 124x13c. Hogs firm at \$5.60a\$6.60.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MINIATURE AL MANAC-AUGUST 29, 1894, PORT OF RICHMOND, AUGUST 28, 1884. Steamer Wyanoke, Hulphers, New York, mer-chandles and passengers, G. W. Allou & Co., wents.

Steamer Wyanoke, Hutphers, New York, merchandise and passengers, G. W. Allou & Co., agents.

Steamer Pioneer, Platt, Philadelphia, merchandise and passengers, J. W. McCarrick, agent.

Brig Jane Adeline, ——, Boston, merchandise, to master.

Schooner Amelia G. Iraland, Gale, Philadelphia, coal, Crump & West.

Schooner Mamie Saunders, Budd, Philadelphia, Coal, Crump & West.

Schooner Addit Jordon, Hartman, Windsor, N.

S. plaster, Warner Moore,
Schooner Addit Jordon, Taylor, Philadelphia, alt, Southern Fertilising Company,
Schooner Annie Beil, ——, Baston, sait, Davenport & Morris,

Schooner H. W. Race, Jackson, New York, merchandise, to master. Schooner H. W. Race, Sacasan Sew Tork, me-chandles, to master.
Schooner Leella Snow, Snow, Rockland, Hme, Warner Moore,
Schooner Brigader, Kendall, Rockland, lime, R. Wendeuburk,
Schooner Magnie E. Gray, Creekett, Orchilla laine, guano, Travers, Snead & Co.

laland, guano, Travers, Snead & Co.
SAILED.
Schooner Harriet S. Bracks, Rishy, Philadelphia, wood; vessel, Curtis & Parker,
Schooner J. J. Houseman, Howard, Cristeld
lies; vessel, Curtis & Parker.

PORT OF NEWPORT'S NEWS, Aug. 28, 1884 [By Telegraph.]
ARRIVED.
Steamer Vidette, Puller, West Point, and milest for New York.
Steamer Wydate (Br.), Haskell, St. Thomas, for orders.

STRAYED, MONDAY, A REDE SHEIVER, with white stripe down has back. A reward will be paid if returned in met Carr street.